

CONDITIONS DEFINED AS A DISABILITY BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

Here is a list of many of the common disabilities recognized by the Canadian Government. This is by no means a complete list but will give you an idea of the many conditions that may cause changes to the way a person works and learns.

Addictions	Depression	Multiple Sclerosis
ADD/ADHD	Developmentally Delayed	Myotonic Myopathy
Agoraphobia	Dissociative Identity Disorder	Obsessive Compulsive Disorder
Alzheimer's Disease	Downs Syndrome	Oppositional Defiant Disorder
Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis	Dysgraphia	Osteoarthritis
Angina	Elimination Difficulties	Panic Disorder
Autism	Epilepsy	Parkinson's Disease
Anorexia Nervosa	Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	Personality Disorder
Anxiety	Fibromyalgia	Pervasive Developmental Disorder
Arthritis	Gender Identity Dysphoria	Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder
Asperger Syndrome	Glaucoma	Prader-Willi Syndrome
Ataxia	Global Developmental Delay	Psychosis
Auditory Processing Disorder	Hearing Disorders	Quadriplegia
Behcet's Disease	Hepatitis C	Retinoschisis
Bipolar Disorder	Huntington's Disease	Schizophrenia
Borderline Personality Disorder	Hypermobility Syndrome	Scoliosis
Bulimia Nervosa	Hypothyroidism	Seizure Disorder
Cerebral Palsy	Hypotonia	Sleep Disorder
Chromosome Abnormality	Inability or Difficulty Walking	Specific Developmental Disorder
Chronic Fatigue Syndrome	Inability or Trouble Feeding	Speech Disorder
Chronic Disability Pain	Infantile Spasms	Stroke
Chronic Pain Disorder	Irritable Bowel Syndrome	Substance Abuse
Colitis	Learning Disabilities	Tic Disorder
Conduct Disorder	Mania	Tourette Syndrome
Coronary Artery Disease	Mental Illness	Trouble Dressing
Cri-Du-Chat Syndrome	Migraines	Tumor
Crohn's Disease	Mild Intellectual Disability	Vision Problems
De Vivo Disease		
Dementia		